# **Kentucky Summative Assessments**



# Grade 3 Reading Released Items 2023

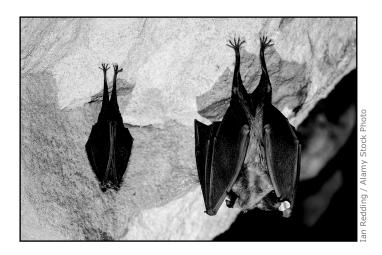


RE909255931

Directions: Read the passage "To the Bat Cave." Then answer the questions.

### To the Bat Cave

Originally published in Click Magazine, October 2009



- 1 Every spring, mother bats fly to certain safe, warm caves to give birth and raise their babies. Some of these nursery caves have only a few bats, but in others, thousands of bats cover the ceiling and walls.
- 2 When a baby bat is born, it cannot fly and it has no fur, but it has strong claws on its feet. It hooks those claws into a crack in the cave ceiling and hangs upside down to roost like a grown-up bat.
- 3 The mother bats leave their babies every evening to hunt for food. They return when the sky begins to grow light. Then each mother nurses her baby and spends the day sleeping in the dark cave.
- 4 Soon the baby bats are big enough to fly and hunt outside with their mothers. All summer long, the bats grow fat, eating as much as they can each night and sleeping in the nursery cave during the day.
- 5 When summer ends and the weather begins to get cold, the bats must find a new place to live. Some fly to warm places where food is plentiful in winter. Others fly to hibernation caves, where they sleep for the entire winter.



- 6 Hibernation caves are colder and wetter than nursery caves. The temperature may be just above freezing, and sometimes little drops of water cover the hibernating bats.
- 7 When a bat hibernates, its body temperature drops and its heartbeat and breathing slow down. Its body works so slowly that the bat uses barely any energy. It can live for months without eating, using the energy stored in the fat it gained in the summer.
- 8 It doesn't sound comfortable, but it's just right for a bat's long winter sleep.

"To the Bat Cave" from Click, Oct. 2009. © 2009 Cricket Media.



RE918946815\_2

What does the word "nursery" tell the reader about the caves?

- **A** They are a place to hunt for food.
- **B** They are a place for the young.
- **C** It is the winter home for bats.
- **D** It is the entrance to the cave.



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023
Grade 3
Reading

Item: RE918946815

**Book Question Number: 1** 

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.4

**Item Type:** MC

Key: B

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Option				
Student Group	Students			A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	46,586	66%	0.66	7%	66%	18%	9%	
Gender								
Female	22,733	69%	0.69	6%	69%	17%	8%	
Male	23,851	63%	0.63	7%	63%	20%	9%	
Ethnicity								
African American	4,920	49%	0.49	13%	49%	23%	14%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	78	62%	0.62	14%	62%	19%	5%	
Asian	975	66%	0.66	5%	66%	19%	11%	
Hispanic or Latino	4,038	54%	0.54	10%	54%	22%	14%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	64%	0.64	5%	64%	22%	9%	
White (non-Hispanic)	33,878	70%	0.70	6%	70%	17%	7%	
Two or more races	2,607	63%	0.63	7%	63%	20%	10%	
Migrant	238	49%	0.49	13%	49%	22%	16%	
English Learner	4,006	48%	0.48	12%	48%	24%	15%	
Economically Disadvantaged	29,189	60%	0.60	9%	60%	21%	11%	
Students with Disabilities	8,290	55%	0.55	11%	55%	20%	13%	



RE918944742\_1

How does the photo help the reader understand the passage "To the Bat Cave"?

- **A** By showing how newborn bats use their claws to hang from cave ceilings
- **B** By showing how the caves are different for different bats
- **C** By showing how mother bats nurse the newborn bats
- **D** By showing how newborn bats use their wings to fly



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918944742

**Book Question Number: 2** 

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.7

**Item Type:** MC

Key: A

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options				
Student Group	Students		Item Score	A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	46,572	69%	0.69	69%	7%	20%	4%	
Gender					•	'		
Female	22,721	70%	0.70	70%	7%	19%	4%	
Male	23,849	68%	0.68	68%	7%	20%	4%	
Ethnicity								
African American	4,915	58%	0.58	58%	10%	25%	7%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	78	62%	0.62	62%	12%	23%	4%	
Asian	975	73%	0.73	73%	4%	19%	3%	
Hispanic or Latino	4,038	64%	0.64	64%	8%	24%	5%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	65%	0.65	65%	12%	21%	2%	
White (non-Hispanic)	33,870	72%	0.72	72%	7%	18%	3%	
Two or more races	2,606	69%	0.69	69%	8%	21%	3%	
Migrant	238	61%	0.61	61%	8%	24%	8%	
English Learner	4,006	61%	0.61	61%	8%	25%	7%	
Economically Disadvantaged	29,177	66%	0.66	66%	8%	21%	5%	
Students with Disabilities	8,279	63%	0.63	63%	9%	20%	8%	



RE918947933\_4

According to the passage "To the Bat Cave," why do bats eat all summer?

- **A** So they can fly away from their mothers
- **B** So they can learn where to find food
- **C** So they can hang from the ceiling
- **D** So they can hibernate all winter



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918947933

**Book Question Number:** 3

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.1

**Item Type:** MC

Key: D

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options				
Student Group	Students			A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	46,580	79%	0.79	4%	14%	4%	79%	
Gender	,				'		'	
Female	22,729	80%	0.80	4%	13%	3%	80%	
Male	23,849	78%	0.78	4%	14%	4%	78%	
Ethnicity								
African American	4,920	65%	0.65	7%	21%	7%	65%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	78	74%	0.74	10%	9%	6%	74%	
Asian	975	79%	0.79	4%	14%	3%	79%	
Hispanic or Latino	4,036	71%	0.71	4%	19%	6%	71%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	78%	0.78	3%	15%	3%	78%	
White (non-Hispanic)	33,874	82%	0.82	3%	12%	3%	82%	
Two or more races	2,607	78%	0.78	4%	14%	3%	78%	
Migrant	238	70%	0.70	3%	21%	6%	70%	
English Learner	4,005	68%	0.68	4%	22%	6%	68%	
Economically Disadvantaged	29,184	76%	0.76	4%	16%	5%	76%	
Students with Disabilities	8,285	70%	0.70	5%	18%	6%	70%	



### RE918943523\_2,1

According to the passage "To the Bat Cave," what happens when a bat goes into hibernation? Select **two** correct answers.

- **A** Its body temperature changes.
- **B** Its heartbeat slows down.
- **C** It eats as much as it can.
- **D** It flies to warm places.
- **E** It grows more fur.



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918943523

**Book Question Number:** 4

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.1

**Item Type:** MS

Key: A,B

	Number of	Percent	Average	Item Breakout	Statistics - Scor	e Percentages
Student Group	Students	Correct	Item Score	Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)	Score 2 (%)
All Students	45,934	76.4%	1.53	10%	27%	63%
Gender						
Female	22,402	77.2%	1.54	10%	26%	64%
Male	23,530	75.6%	1.51	11%	27%	62%
Ethnicity						
African American	4,770	68.4%	1.37	14%	35%	51%
American Indian or Alaska Native	76	74.3%	1.49	8%	36%	57%
Asian	968	84.0%	1.68	7%	19%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	3,984	69.9%	1.40	14%	33%	53%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	76.7%	1.53	7%	33%	60%
White (non-Hispanic)	33,476	78.1%	1.56	9%	25%	66%
Two or more races	2,570	76.3%	1.53	10%	27%	63%
Migrant	234	65.0%	1.30	18%	35%	47%
English Learner	3,941	68.5%	1.37	14%	34%	51%
Economically Disadvantaged	28,675	72.7%	1.45	12%	31%	57%
Students with Disabilities	8,108	67.4%	1.35	15%	35%	50%



RE918948266\_1

How does the author organize the passage "To the Bat Cave"?

- **A** Time order
- **B** Cause and effect
- **C** Problem and solution
- **D** Compare and contrast



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918948266

**Book Question Number: 5** 

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.5

**Item Type:** MC

Key: A

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options				
Student Group	Students			A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	46,563	50%	0.50	50%	21%	11%	17%	
Gender								
Female	22,721	51%	0.51	51%	21%	11%	17%	
Male	23,840	50%	0.50	50%	22%	12%	16%	
Ethnicity								
African American	4,909	38%	0.38	38%	25%	16%	20%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	78	37%	0.37	37%	19%	23%	21%	
Asian	974	60%	0.60	60%	21%	7%	11%	
Hispanic or Latino	4,036	41%	0.41	41%	24%	15%	19%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	41%	0.41	41%	23%	14%	22%	
White (non-Hispanic)	33,868	53%	0.53	53%	20%	10%	16%	
Two or more races	2,608	49%	0.49	49%	23%	12%	16%	
Migrant	238	32%	0.32	32%	23%	22%	23%	
English Learner	4,004	37%	0.37	37%	26%	16%	20%	
Economically Disadvantaged	29,166	44%	0.44	44%	23%	13%	19%	
Students with Disabilities	8,282	39%	0.39	39%	22%	16%	23%	



Directions: Read the passage "Why Catch Bats?" Then answer the questions.

# Why Catch Bats?

by Monica Vavra

Originally published in Highlights, November 2006

- "Hurry!" I called, as the setting sun began coloring the clouds above. Soon the bats would wake and leave their roosts to forage for the night. Tunneling through the canopy of trees above, they would feed on insects flying over the stream.
- 2 Our research team stretched the mist-net, a long gauzy volleyball-style net, across the wide streambed. The mist-net poles were pounded into the bank, tied to trees, and surrounded by rocks to secure them. It looked as if we were ready for a nighttime game of volleyball. But we weren't volleyball players. We were scientists studying the bat populations outside San Antonio, Texas.
- What kinds of bats lived there? Were they healthy? How did humans living close by affect them? We needed to know the answers so we could help protect them. We hoped the bats would be caught in the mist-net when they came to feed. Then we would be able to study them.
- 4 "Make sure the net is high enough above the water," I said. If a bat were caught in the net, its weight might make the net sag into the water below. Then the bat could drown. But we would never let this happen.
- 5 We tested the net. We knotted a handkerchief, which is about the weight of one of the bats in our area. We gently tossed it into the bottom of the net. The net sagged slightly but did not reach the water. The bats would be safe.
- 6 Darkness was coming. We found a spot to sit on the stream bank. We waited quietly, listening to the trill of spring peepers and the buzz of the cicadas living in the trees.
- 7 Thirty minutes passed. I slipped on my leather gloves. I needed to protect my hands because bats can bite or scratch if they are scared. The white light from my flashlight bobbled in front of me as I walked down the rocky bank to check the net.



- 8 I slowly shone the flashlight across the length of the net. Toward the bottom, I saw a gleam of copper.
- 9 "Red bat!" I called out. I gently removed the little bat from the net. He was small in my hands, like a mouse with wings. Bright coppery-orange fur covered his body. His leathery wings were folded. He lay quietly in my hands while my assistant brought the scale and my notebook.
- "Red bats roost in trees, hanging from the stem of a leaf. They eat insects like crickets, flies, and cicadas," I told him.
- We stretched open the wings of the bat, and I measured him with a tape measure. "Twenty-nine-centimeter wingspan and 10.3 centimeters in length," I said. "This one is a male." My assistant wrote that down in the notebook.
- 12 It was time to weigh the bat. We hung a small cloth bag from a special scale that is held at its top by hand rather than set on the ground. The scale was set to zero with the bag hanging from it. Now only the bat's weight, and not the weight of the bag, would be measured.
- "Twelve grams—a healthy weight for a male red bat," I said, reading from the scale.
- I held the bat in my hands and walked downstream to release him. I needed to be far enough from the net so the bat would not be caught again. Carefully, I put him down on the ground. The bat scrabbled through the leaves. Then he took off, flying through the dark to forage. That night alone, our red bat would eat his weight in insects.
- 15 We caught two more red bats, repeating the process with each. Both were healthy males, about the same size and weight as the first. We recorded all the information in the notebook.
- At midnight, we packed the mist-nets and headed home. But our work wasn't done. We still had questions. Why did we catch only males? Were there more males than females in this area? If so, why? Or was it just accidental that we hadn't caught any females?



- 17 Also, we knew that other bat species had been found in the area. One was a small brown cave bat, and the other was a Brazilian free-tailed bat. Yet we had caught neither of these. Were we in the wrong spot? Or had their habitat been destroyed?
- 18 We didn't know the answers, but as scientists we would work to find out. We would have to return, again and again, to gather more information. Only time and a lot more research would give us the answers to these questions.

"Why Catch Bats?" by Monica Vavra, from *Highlights*, Nov. 2006. © 2006 Highlights for Children, Inc.



RE918945187\_5,4

In the passage "Why Catch Bats?" the author states that collecting information about the bat population is important. Which statements are proof the researchers were gathering data? Select **two** correct answers.

- **A** "Soon the bats would wake and leave their roosts to forage for the night." (paragraph 1)
- **B** "We waited quietly, listening to the trill of spring peepers. . . ." (paragraph 6)
- **C** "The white light from my flashlight bobbled in front of me as I walked..." (paragraph 7)
- **D** "My assistant wrote down the red bat's scientific name." (paragraph 10)
- **E** "We stretched open the wings of the bat, and I measured him with a tape measure." (paragraph 11)



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918945187

**Book Question Number:** 6

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.8

Item Type: MS

Key: D,E

	Number of	Percent	Average	Item Breakout Statistics - Score Percentages				
Student Group	Students	Correct	Item Score	Score 0 (%)	Score 1 (%)	Score 2 (%)		
All Students	21,826	60.7%	1.21	19%	40%	41%		
Gender								
Female	10,628	60.8%	1.22	19%	40%	41%		
Male	11,198	60.6%	1.21	19%	40%	41%		
Ethnicity								
African American	2,277	48.7%	0.97	27%	48%	25%		
American Indian or Alaska Native	39	60.3%	1.21	18%	44%	38%		
Asian	460	69.8%	1.40	14%	32%	54%		
Hispanic or Latino	1,770	56.8%	1.14	21%	44%	35%		
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	43	65.1%	1.30	16%	37%	47%		
White (non-Hispanic)	16,041	62.8%	1.26	18%	38%	44%		
Two or more races	1,196	58.0%	1.16	22%	40%	38%		
Migrant	114	57.0%	1.14	19%	47%	33%		
English Learner	1,620	55.2%	1.10	20%	49%	31%		
Economically Disadvantaged	13,424	56.1%	1.12	22%	43%	34%		
Students with Disabilities	3,502	58.4%	1.17	20%	44%	37%		



### RE918945613\_2

Which sentence would the reader **most likely** agree with after reading the passage "Why Catch Bats?"

- **A** Bats can swim in the mist-net when it sags into the water.
- **B** Research can help scientists know how to protect bats.
- **C** Wild bats should be caught and kept in a safe place.
- **D** Bats should be captured and sold as pets.



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE918945613

**Book Question Number:** 7

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.6

Item Type: MC

Key: B

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Option				
Student Group	Students			A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	46,567	66%	0.66	9%	66%	22%	3%	
Gender					'	'		
Female	22,724	66%	0.66	9%	66%	21%	3%	
Male	23,841	66%	0.66	9%	66%	22%	3%	
Ethnicity								
African American	4,917	52%	0.52	14%	52%	29%	6%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	78	59%	0.59	14%	59%	18%	9%	
Asian	975	71%	0.71	7%	71%	21%	2%	
Hispanic or Latino	4,036	60%	0.60	10%	60%	27%	4%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	86	58%	0.58	10%	58%	29%	2%	
White (non-Hispanic)	33,865	69%	0.69	9%	69%	20%	3%	
Two or more races	2,606	65%	0.65	10%	65%	22%	4%	
Migrant	238	54%	0.54	8%	54%	31%	6%	
English Learner	4,004	57%	0.57	11%	57%	28%	4%	
Economically Disadvantaged	29,173	61%	0.61	11%	61%	24%	4%	
Students with Disabilities	8,283	61%	0.61	10%	61%	24%	5%	



RE926635558\_1

What information about bats is discussed in **both** passages?

- A When bats feed
- **B** Where bats hibernate
- **C** Why people study bats
- **D** How bats' leathery wings fold



### **Kentucky Summative Assessments**

Spring 2023 Grade 3 Reading

Item: RE926635558

**Book Question Number: 8** 

Standard: RI.3, RI.3.9

**Item Type:** MC

Key: A

	Number of	Percent Correct	Average Item Score	Item Breakout Statistics - Answer Choice Options				
Student Group	Students			A (%)	B (%)	C (%)	D (%)	
All Students	22,214	22%	0.22	22%	29%	36%	13%	
Gender						,		
Female	10,840	21%	0.21	21%	31%	34%	14%	
Male	11,374	23%	0.23	23%	27%	38%	13%	
Ethnicity								
African American	2,363	20%	0.20	20%	32%	32%	16%	
American Indian or Alaska Native	39	15%	0.15	15%	23%	49%	13%	
Asian	462	24%	0.24	24%	22%	38%	16%	
Hispanic or Latino	1,797	19%	0.19	19%	28%	37%	16%	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	43	14%	0.14	14%	23%	49%	14%	
White (non-Hispanic)	16,289	22%	0.22	22%	28%	37%	13%	
Two or more races	1,221	19%	0.19	19%	34%	34%	12%	
Migrant	115	19%	0.19	19%	28%	36%	17%	
English Learner	1,647	15%	0.15	15%	29%	37%	18%	
Economically Disadvantaged	13,725	20%	0.20	20%	31%	35%	15%	
Students with Disabilities	3,571	21%	0.21	21%	26%	34%	18%	



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